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From Saturday July 1, to Tuesday July 4, 1780.

By the KING,

A PROCLAMATION.

GEORGE R.

WHEREAS it hath been repreſented to Us, that a great Number of Perſons, in Conſequence of Advertiſements or Hand Bills inciting them thereto, did, on Friday laſt the Second of this Inſtant June, aſſemble in a Riotous and Tumultuous Manner in Saint George's Fields, in the County of Surry, from whence they proceeded in ſeveral Bodies to Palace-Yard, Weſtminſter, ſurrounded both Houſes of Parliament, and poſſeſſed themſelves of the Avenues to the ſame, (the ſaid Houſes of Parliament being then ſitting) where they continued in a Riotous and Tumultuous Manner, committing great Outrages and Violence againſt ſeveral of Our Subjects, and feloniouſly taking Money from them; after which, in the Evening of the ſame Day, they inſulted and attacked the Houſes of ſome of the Publick Miniſters of Foreign Princes and States, reſiding at Our Court, and broke into, ſpoiled, and ſet Fire to Chapels, which in every civilized Country are allowed to ſuch Publick Miniſters for the free Exerciſe of the Religion of their Country, to the great Scandal and Offence of all truly pious and good Proteſtants; We therefore, in order that the Reproach of ſo frantick and atrocious an Outrage againſt the Precepts of Religion, as well as the Obligations of all Laws, may not remain a Diſgrace to Our Kingdom, but may be confined to the Authors, Abettors, and Perpetrators of the ſaid Outrage, and that they may be brought to ſpeedy and condign Puniſhment, and that ſuch dangerous and wicked Practices may hereafter be prevented, have thought fit, by and with the Advice of Our Privy Council, to publiſh and declare Our Reſolution to put the Laws in Force againſt ſuch Offences: And We do hereby enjoin and require all Juſtices of the Peace, Sheriffs, Mayors, Bailiffs, Conſtables, and all other Our loving Subjects, to be aiding and aſſiſting to the utmoſt of their Power in ſuppreſſing ſuch illegal and tumultuous Aſſemblies, and in detecting, apprehending, and bringing to Juſtice the Perſons concerned in aſſembling or inſtigating the ſame, and guilty of any of the Violences above mentioned: And for the better Detection of the Perſons who were concerned in the Outrages committed at the Houſes of the ſaid Publick Miniſters, We are graciouſly pleaſed to promiſe, that if any Perſon ſhall diſcover any other Perſon or Perſons who, directly or indirectly, were concerned in pulling down, or beginning to pull down, or in ſetting Fire to the Chapel of any Publick Miniſter, ſo as that the Perſon or Perſons diſcovered may be proſecuted for the ſame, ſuch Diſcoverer ſhall have and receive, as a Reward, upon Conviction of ſuch Offender or Offenders, the Sum of FIVE HUNDRED POUNDS, and alſo Our Gracious Pardon for the ſaid Offence, in caſe the Perſon making ſuch Diſcovery ſhall himſelf be liable to be proſecuted for the ſame, except the Perſon who firſt broke into, or began to pull down or ſet Fire to the ſaid Chapels. And the Commiſſioners for Executing the Office of Treaſurer of Our Exchequer, are hereby required to make Payment of the ſaid Rewards accordingly.

Given at Our Court at St. James's, the Fifth Day of June, One thouſand ſeven hundred and eighty, in the Twentieth Year of Our Reign.

GOD Save the KING.

By the KING,

A PROCLAMATION.

GEORGE R.

WHEREAS a great Number of diſorderly Perſons have aſſembled themſelves together in a Riotous and Tumultuous Manner, and have been guilty of many Acts of Treaſon and Rebellion, having made an Aſſault on the Gaol of Newgate, ſet looſe the Priſoners confined therein, and ſet Fire to and deſtroyed the ſaid Priſon: And whereas Houſes are now pulling down in ſeveral Parts of Our Cities of London and Weſtminſter, and Liberties thereof, and Fires kindled for conſuming the Materials and Furniture of the ſame, whereby it is become abſolutely neceſſary to uſe the moſt effectual Means to quiet ſuch Diſturbances, to preſerve the Lives and Properties of Individuals, and to reſtore the Peace of the Country: We therefore, taking the ſame into Our moſt ſerious Conſideration, have thought fit, by and with the Advice of Our Privy Council, to iſſue this Our Royal Proclamation, hereby ſtrictly charging and exhorting all Our loving Subjects to preſerve the Peace, and to keep themſelves, their Servants and Apprentices, quietly within their reſpective Dwellings, to the End that all well-diſpoſed Perſons may avoid thoſe Miſchiefs which the Continuance of ſuch riotous Proceedings may bring upon the Guilty: And as it is neceſſary, from the Circumſtances before-mentioned, to employ the Military Force, with which We are by Law entruſted, for the immediate Suppreſſion of ſuch Rebellious and Traiterous Attempts, now making againſt the Peace and Dignity of Our Crown, and the Safety of the Lives and Properties of Our Subjects, We have therefore iſſued the moſt direct and effectual Orders to all Our Officers, by an immediate Exertion of their utmoſt Force, to repreſs the ſame; of which all Perſons are to take Notice.

Given at Our Court at St. James's, the Seventh Day of June, One thouſand ſeven hundred and eighty, in the Twentieth Year of Our Reign.

GOD Save the KING.

By the KING,

A PROCLAMATION.

GEORGE R.

WHereas a great Number of diſorderly Perſons have for ſeveral Days paſt aſſembled themſelves together, in a Riotous and Tumultuous Manner, and have been guilty of many Acts of Treaſon, Rebellion, and Felony, having formed Deſigns to break

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break open and deſtroy the Gaols and Priſons, and to ſet looſe the Priſoners confined therein, and having actually broke into and ſet on Fire the Gaol of Newgate, the King's Bench Priſon, and the Priſon of the Fleet, and releaſed the Priſoners, and made Attempts on other Gaols and Priſons in and about this Metropolis; and having ſet Fire to and pulled down the Dwelling-houſes of divers of Our peaceable Subjects, and alſo ſet Fire to, burnt and deſtroyed the Materials thereof, and the Furniture and other Effects found therein; and alſo taken Money from divers of Our Subjects: We therefore, taking the ſame into Our moſt ſerious Conſideration, have thought fit, by and with the Advice of Our Privy Council, to publiſh and declare Our Reſolution, That the Authors, Abettors, and Perpetrators of the ſaid Offences be proſecuted as expeditiouſly as may be, according to the due Courſe of Law; and we do hereby enjoin and require all Juſtices of the Peace, Sheriffs, Mayors, Bailiffs, Conſtables, and all other Our loving Subjects, to be aiding and aſſiſting to the utmoſt of their Power, in detecting, apprehending and bringing to Juſtice the ſaid Offenders. And We are graciouſly pleaſed to promiſe, that if any Perſon ſhall diſcover any other Perſon or Perſons who are guilty of any of the ſaid Offences, ſo as that the Perſon or Perſons diſcovered may be proſecuted for the ſame, ſuch Diſcoverer ſhall have and receive, as a Reward, upon Conviction of ſuch Offender or Offenders, the Sum of FIFTY POUNDS, and alſo Our Gracious Pardon for the ſaid Offence, in Caſe the Perſon making ſuch Diſcovery ſhall himſelf be liable to be proſecuted for the ſame; and the Commiſſioners for Executing the Office of Treaſurer of Our Exchequer are hereby required to make Payment accordingly of the ſaid Rewards.

Given at Our Court at St. James's, the Ninth Day of June, One thouſand ſeven hundred and eighty, in the Twentieth Year of Our Reign.

GOD Save the KING.

By the KING,
A PROCLAMATION.

GEORGE R.

WHEREAS Information has been received, that the late Riots and Tumults in and about this Metropolis were encouraged and abetted by Money, or other Rewards, given, or promiſed to be given, to the Perſons concerned therein; and alſo Bells, Flags, and other Signals and Devices, were uſed during the ſaid Riots and Tumults, to direct the Rioters in their Criminal Acts and Proceedings, and to give Notice of Attempts or Preparations to ſuppreſs, reſiſt, or interrupt the ſame: We therefore, taking the ſame into Our moſt ſerious Conſideration, by and with the Advice of Our Privy Council, in order to detect and bring to Juſtice the Perſons guilty of any of the Criminal Acts above mentioned, are graciouſly pleaſed to promiſe, That if any Perſon ſhall diſcover any other Perſon or Perſons, who by themſelves, or their Agents, gave or offered, or promiſed to give, any Money, or other Reward, to any Perſon or Perſons, to engage or continue in the ſaid Riots or Tumults, or to do or aſſiſt in any of the Criminal Acts committed during the Continuance of the ſaid Riots and Tumults, or who made uſe of any Bells, Flags, or other Signals or Devices, to direct the Rioters in any of their Criminal Acts and Proceedings, or to give Notice of Attempts or Preparations to ſuppreſs, reſiſt, or interrupt the ſame, ſo as that the Perſon or Perſons diſcovered may be proſecuted, ſuch Diſcoverer ſhall have and receive as a Reward, upon Conviction of ſuch Offender or Offenders, the Sum of ONE HUNDRED POUNDS; and the Commiſſioners for executing the Office of Treaſurer of Our Exchequer are hereby required to make Payment thereof accordingly.

Given at Our Court at St. *James's*, the Twenty-firſt Day of *June*, One thouſand ſeven hundred and eighty, in the Twentieth Year of Our Reign.

GOD ſave the KING.

Weſtminſter, July 3.

THIS Day, the Lords being met, a Meſſage was ſent to the Honourable Houſe of Commons, acquainting them that *the Lords, authorized by Virtue of His Majeſty's Commiſſion, for declaring His Royal Aſſent to ſeveral Acts agreed upon by both Houſes, do deſire the immediate Attendance of this Honourable Houſe in the Houſe of Peers, to hear the Commiſſion read*; and the Commons being come thither, the ſaid Commiſſion, impowering the Lord Archbiſhop of Canterbury, the Lord High Chancellor of Great-Britain, the Lord Preſident of the Council, and ſeveral other Lords therein mentioned, to declare and notify the Royal Aſſent to the ſaid Acts, was read accordingly, and the Royal Aſſent given to

An Act for raiſing a further Sum of Money, by Loans, or Exchequer Bills, for the Service of the Year One thouſand ſeven hundred and eighty.

An Act for granting to His Majeſty additional Duties upon Starch and Hair Powder imported, and upon Starch made in Great Britain, and upon Sweets.

An Act for repealing an Act made in the Nineteenth Year of the Reign of His preſent Majeſty, intituled, An Act for granting to His Majeſty certain Duties on Licences to be taken out by all Perſons letting Horſes to Hire for travelling in the Manner therein mentioned, and certain Duties on all Horſes let to Hire for the Purpoſes of travelling Poſt and by Time, and upon certain Carriages therein mentioned; and for granting other Duties in Lieu thereof.

An Act to repeal ſo much of an Act made in the Thirteenth and Fourteenth Years of the Reign of King Charles the Second, as reſtrains the Removal of Wool, and other Articles, to certain Times and Hours therein mentioned

An Act for granting further Time for allowing the Drawback on the Exportation of Coffee imported by the Eaſt India Company in the Ship Europa, in the Year One thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy five.

An Act for continuing in the Poſſeſſion of the United Company of Merchants of England trading to the Eaſt Indies, for a further Time, and under certain Conditions, the Territorial Acquiſitions and Revenues lately obtained in the Eaſt Indies, and for reviving and continuing, for a further Time, ſo much of an Act made in the Thirteenth Year of the Reign of His preſent Majeſty, intituled, An Act for eſtabliſhing certain Regulations for the better Management of the Affairs of the Eaſt India Company, as well in India as in Europe, as hath expired in the Courſe of the preſent Year; and for indemnifying the ſaid Company for any Money they have paid or may pay in or about the Building of Three Ships of the Line for the Service of the Publick.

An Act to explain and amend Two Acts, made in the Fifteenth and Sixteenth Years of the Reign of His preſent Majeſty, with reſpect to the Limits of the Greenland Seas and Davis's Streights, and the Seas adjacent thereto, and to enlarge the Time for the Return of the Veſſels employed in the Whale Fiſheries.

An Act for continuing the Encouragement and Reward of Perſons making certain Diſcoveries for finding the Longitude at Sea, or making other uſeful Diſcoveries and Improvements in Navigation, and for making Experiments relating thereto.

An Act to impower His Majeſty to prohibit the Exportation, and to reſtrain the carrying Coaſtwiſe, of Copper in Bars, or Copper in Sheets, for a limited Time.

An Act to veſt certain Meſſuages, Lands, Tenements, and Hereditaments, in Truſtees, for the better ſecuring

ſecuring His Majeſty's Deck, Ships, and Stores, at Chatham.

An Act to repeal ſo much of an Act made in the Seventeenth Year of His preſent Majeſty's Reign, as relates to the more eaſy and ſpeedy Recovery of Small Debts within the Pariſhes of Halifax, Bradford, Kighley, Bingley, Guiſeley, Calverley, Batley, Birſtall, Mirfield, Hartiſhead cum Cliſton, Almondbury, Kirkheaton, Kirkburton, and Huddersfield, and the Lordſhip or Liberty of Tong, in the Weſt Riding of the County of York, and for granting other Powers for theſe Purpoſes; and for extending the Juriſdiction of the Court Baron of the Manor of Kighley in the ſaid County.

And to Five Private Bills.

Vienna, June 21 By a Courier, who left Mohilow on the 7th Inſtant, this Court is informed that his Imperial Majeſty and the Empreſs of Ruſſia were to ſet out together on the 11th Inſtant for Smolenſko.

Office of Ordnance, July 1, 1780.

THE Principal Officers of His Majeſty's Ordnance do hereby give Notice, that they will be ready, on Friday next, the 7th Inſtant, at their Office in St. Margaret's-ſtreet, Weſtminſter, to receive Propoſals in Writing from ſuch Perſons as are willing to furniſh this Office with Old or with Pig Lead. Propoſals to ſpecify the Quantity, and the Price at which it can be delivered, and in what Time.

July 1, 1780.

NOtice is hereby given to the Officers and Companies of His Majeſty's Ships Experiment and Richmond, who were actually on Board at taking the Danae French Frigate, a Brig (Name unknown) and the Maria Anne, on the 13th of May, 1779, (in Company with ſeveral others of His Majeſty's Ships) that they will be paid their reſpective Shares of the Produce of the ſaid Prizes, on Tueſday the 11th of July inſtant, at the Fountain Tavern, Plymouth Dock: And Notice is alſo given to the Officers and Companies of His Majeſty's Ships Pallas and Convert, who were actually on Board at taking the above Prizes, that they will be paid their reſpective Shares of the Produce of the ſaid Prizes, on the Arrival of the ſaid Ships in England. The Shares not demanded at the Time of Payment on Board the ſeveral Ships will be recalled, at the Fountain Tavern, Plymouth Dock, the Firſt Tueſday in every Month for Three Years from ſuch Time.

John Lloyd, *and* Meſſ. Marſh *and* Creed, *Agents for the Experiment.*
John Lloyd, *and* Nicholas Symonds, *Agents for the Pallas.*
John Lloyd, *Agent for the Richmond and Convert.*

NOtice is hereby given to the Officers and Company of His Majeſty's Sloop Cabot, who were actually on Board at taking the Danae French Frigate, a Brig, (Name unknown) and the Maria Anne, on the 13th of May, 1779. (in Company with ſeveral other of His Majeſty's Ships) that they will be paid their reſpective Shares of the Produce of the ſaid Prizes, on Tueſday the 11th of July, 1780, on Board the ſaid Sloop at Portſmouth: And Notice is hereby given to the Officers and Companies of His Majeſty's Ships Raliigh and Unicorn, who were actually on Board at taking the above-mentioned Prizes, that they will be paid their reſpective Shares of the Produce of the ſaid Prizes, on the Arrival of the ſaid Ships in England. The Shares not demanded at the Time of Payment on Board the ſaid Ships will be recalled at the Caſtle Tavern, Mark-lane, London, the Firſt Saturday in every Month for Three Years from ſuch Time.

James Dick, *of Rocheſter,* Benjamin Robertſon, *of London,* *Agents.*

NOtice is hereby given to the Officers and Company of His Majeſty's Ship Ardent, who were on Board at the Capture of the Brig La Marragene and Sloop Lady Waſhington, on the 8th and 9th of January, the Sloop Polly on the 26th of February, and the Schooner Nelly and Polly on the 21ſt of March, 1779, that they will be paid their reſpective Shares of the ſaid Prizes, at the Caſtle Tavern, Mark-lane, London, on Saturday the 15th of July, 1780, and recalled at the ſame Place the Firſt Saturday in every Month for Three Years; as likewiſe thoſe who have not received their Shares at New York for the Schooner Catherine, taken the 11th of December, 1778, Sloop Friendſhip and Black Prince on the 21ſt of January, the Schooner Planters Folly on the 25th of January, and the Schooner Le Maria and Lady Waſhington on the 27th of February, 1779.

James Dick, *of Rocheſter,* Fred. Wm. Geyer, *of New York,* *Agents.*

London, July 4, 1780.

NOtice is hereby given to the Officers and Company of His Majeſty's Ship Jupiter, Francis Reynolds, Eſq; Commander, who were actually on Board at the Recapture of the Concord, William Emmerſon, Maſter, that the unclaimed Shares will be recalled at the Houſe of Mr. Edward Mayne, No. 4, New Broad-ſtreet, London, the Firſt Thurſday in every Month for Three Years to come, and to whom thoſe who have not been paid at Liſbon are hereby deſired to apply.

For Mayne *and* Co. *of Liſton,* Edw. Mayne.

NOtice is hereby given, that the Copartnerſhip between us, John Bentley and Albert Angell, of the City-road in the Pariſh of St. Luke in the County of Middleſex, Weather-cloth Stainers and Painters, is this Day expired and diſſolved by mutual Conſent; and that the Umbrella Buſineſs will in future be carried on by the ſaid John Bentley, who is authoriſed to receive all Debts, Credits, and Effects due to or belonging to the ſaid Copartnerſhip Eſtate, and to ſettle and adjuſt all Accounts relative thereto; and who will pay all Debts and Demands due from or on the ſaid Copartnerſhip. And we jointly return our Thanks to all Merchants and others for their paſt Favours to us. Witneſs our Hands, the 1ſt Day of July, 1780.

John Bentley.
Albert Angell.

NOtice is hereby given, that the Partnerſhip is diſſolved by mutual Conſent between John Robinſon and George Marſh, of Tooley-ſtreet, Southwark, Tobacconiſts. As witneſs our Hands, this 24th Day of June, 1780.

John Robinſon.
G. Marſh.

To Creditors, &c.

ALL Perſons having any Claims or Demands on the Eſtate and Effects of Thomas Thomas, late of Fowey in the County of Cornwall, Gentleman, and formerly Purſer of His Majeſty's Ship Captain, deceaſed, are deſired to ſend in the ſame to James Sykes, of Crutched-friars, London, Eſq; on or before the 31ſt Day of Auguſt next; at which Time the Executor will cloſe his Accounts; and any Claims or Demands brought in after that Day will be precluded from any Benefit thereunder: And all Perſons indebted to the ſaid Eſtate are deſired to pay the ſame to the ſaid James Sykes; or they will be ſued forthwith.

THE Creditors of Moſes Kittier, late of Ringwood in the County of Southampton, Mercer, (againſt whom a Commiſſion of Bankrupt hath been lately awarded and iſſued) are deſired to meet, at the White Hart Inn, in Ringwood, on Monday the 8th of July inſtant, at Eleven in the Forenoon, to conſider of and determine on the beſt and moſt beneficial Mode of diſpoſing of the Bankrupt's ſeveral Stocks in Trade; and on other ſpecial Affairs.

PUrſuant to a Decree of the High Court of Chancery, the Creditors and Legatees (if any) of Jane Wright, late of Norris-ſtreet in the Pariſh of St. James Weſtminſter, Spinſter, deceaſed, are, on or before the 25th Day of July inſtant, to come in and prove their Debts and claim their Legacies before Robert Bicknell, Eſq; one of the Maſters of the ſaid Court, at his Chambers in Symond's-inn, Chancery-lane, London, or in Default thereof they will peremptorily be excluded the Benefit of the ſaid Decree.

PUrſuant to a Decree of His Majeſty's Court of Exchequer at Weſtminſter, the unſatisfied Creditors (if any) of Thomas Paduall, late of Burgh St. Peter in the County of Norfolk, deceaſed, are forthwith to come in before Francis Ingram, Eſq; Deputy Remembrancer of the ſaid Court, at the Exchequer Office in the Inner Temple, London, and prove their Debts, or in Default thereof they will be excluded the Benefit of the ſaid Decree.

PUrſuant to an Order made by the Right Hon. Edward Lord Thurlow, Lord High Chancellor of Great Britain, for Enlarging the Time for John Litton, late of Ivy lane in the City of London, but now of the Rules of the King's Bench Priſon in the County of Surry, Jeweller, Victualler, Dealer and Chapman, (a Bankrupt) to ſurrender himſelf, and make a full Diſcovery and Diſcloſure of his Eſtate and Effects, for 49 Days, to be computed from the 4th Inſtant; This is to give Notice, that the Commiſſioners in the ſaid Commiſſion named and authoriſed, or the major Part of them, intend to meet on the 22d Day of Auguſt next, at Ten o'Clock in the Forenoon, at Guildhall, London; where the ſaid Bankrupt is required to ſurrender himſelf, between the Hours of Eleven and One of the Clock of the ſame Day, and make a full Diſcloſure of his Eſtate and Effects, and finiſh his Examination; and the Creditors, who have not already proved their Debts, may then and there come and prove the ſame, and aſſent to or diſſent from the Allowance of his Certificate.

WHereas a Commiſſion of Bankrupt is awarded and iſſued forth againſt William Woodman, late of Warnford-court, but now of Johnſon's-court, London, Merchant, Dealer and Chapman, and he being declared a Bankrupt, is hereby required to ſurrender himſelf to the Commiſſioners in the ſaid Commiſſion named, or the major Part of them, on the 11th and 18th Days of July inſtant at Twelve of the Clock at Noon, and on the 15th Day of Auguſt next at Six of the Clock in the Afternoon, at Guildhall, London, and make a full Diſcovery and Diſcloſure of his Eſtate and Effects; when and where the Creditors are to come prepared to prove their Debts, and at the Second Sitting to chuſe Aſſignees, and at the laſt Sitting the ſaid Bankrupt is required to finiſh his Examination, and the Creditors are to aſſent to or diſſent from the Allowance of his Certificate. All Perſons indebted to the ſaid Bankrupt, or that have any of his Effects, are not to pay or deliver the ſame but to whom the Commiſſioners ſhall appoint, but give Notice to Mr. Thompſon, Broad-ſtreet-buildings, London.

WHereas a Commiſſion of Bankrupt is awarded and iſſued forth againſt John Brown the Younger, of Sandford in the County of Devon, Serge-maker, Dealer and Chapman, and he being declared a Bankrupt, is hereby required to ſurrender himſelf to the Commiſſioners in the ſaid Commiſſion named, or the major Part of them, on the 14th and 15th Days of July inſtant, and on the 15th Day of Auguſt next, at Three of the Clock in the Afternoon on each of the ſaid Days, at the Houſe of Thomas Thompſon, called Thompſon's Hotel, in the Cloſe of the Cathedral Church-yard of St. Peter, Exeter, and make a full Diſcovery and Diſcloſure of his Eſtate and Effects; when and where the Creditors are to come prepared to prove their Debts, and at the Second Sitting to chuſe Aſſignees, and at the laſt Sitring the ſaid Bankrupt is required to finiſh his Examination, and the Creditors are to aſſent to or diſſent from the Allowance of his Certificate. All Perſons indebted to the ſaid Bankrupt, or that have any of his Effects, are not to pay or deliver the ſame but to whom the Commiſſioners ſhall appoint, but give Notice to Mr. Chriſtopher Hamlyn, Attorney, at Paſchoe in the ſaid County of Devon.

WHereas a Commiſſion of Bankrupt is awarded and iſſued forth againſt James Peck the Younger, of Kingſton in the County of Cambridge, Dealer and Chapman, and he being declared a Bankrupt, is hereby required to ſurrender himſelf to the Commiſſioners in the ſaid Commiſſion named, or the major Part of them, on the 18th and 19th Days of July inſtant, and on the 15th Day of Auguſt next, at Ten o'Clock in the Forenoon on each Day, at the Houſe of Mr. Watſon, the Red Lion, in Royſton in the County of Hertford, and make a full Diſcovery and Diſcloſure of his Eſtate and Effects; when and where the Creditors are to come prepared to prove their Debts, and at the Second Sitting to chuſe Aſſignees; and at the laſt Sitting the ſaid Bankrupt is required to finiſh his Examination; and at the Creditors are to aſſent to or diſſent from the Allowance of his Certificate. All Perſons indebted to the ſaid Bankrupt, or that have any of his Effects, are not to pay or deliver the ſame but to whom the Commiſſioners ſhall appoint, but give Notice to Mr. Edward Day, in Royſton.

WHereas a Commiſſion of Bankrupt is awarded and iſſued againſt Thomas Allwood, late of Cheſterfield in the County of Derby, Grocer, Dealer and Chapman, and he being declared a Bankrupt, is hereby required to ſurrender himſelf to the Commiſſioners in the ſaid Commiſſion named, or the major Part of them, on the 14th and 15th Days of July inſtant, and on the 15th Day of Auguſt next, at Eleven o'Clock in the Forenoon on each Day, at the Houſe of Mr. Jonathan Kendall, ſituate in the Pariſh of South Wingfield in the ſaid County of Derby, and make a full Diſcovery and Diſcloſure of his Eſtate and Effects; when and where the Creditors are to come prepared to prove their Debts, and at the Second Sitting to chuſe Aſſignees, and at the laſt Sitting the ſaid Bankrupt is required to finiſh his Examination, and the Creditors are to aſſent to or diſſent from the Allowance of his Certificate. All Perſons indebted to the ſaid Bankrupt, or that have any of his Effects, are not to pay or deliver the ſame but to whom the Commiſſioners ſhall appoint, but give Notice to Mr. John Bateman, Attorney, in Derby.

THE Commiſſioners in a Commiſſion of Bankrupt awarded and iſſued forth againſt Robert Wynne, of Greenwich in the County of Kent, Callico-printer, Dealer and Chapman, intend to meet on the 27th Day of July inſtant, at Ten of the Clock in the Forenoon, at Guildhall, London, in order to make a Dividend of the Effects and Effects of the ſaid Bankrupt; when and where the Creditors, who have not already proved their Debts, are to come prepared to prove the ſame, or they will be excluded the Benefit of the ſaid Dividend. And all Claims not then proved will be diſallowed.

THE Commiſſioners in a Commiſſion of Bankrupt awarded and iſſued forth againſt James Mobbs, of Coventry-ſtreet in the City of Weſtminſter, Hatter and Hoſier, intend to meet on the 5th Day of Auguſt next, at Ten in the Forenoon, at Guildhall, London, in order to make a Dividend of the Eſtate and Effects of the ſaid Bankrupt; when and where the Creditors, who have not already proved their Debts, are to come prepared to prove the ſame, or they will be excluded the Benefit of the ſaid Dividend. And all Claims not then proved will be diſallowed.

THE Commiſſioners in a Commiſſion of Bankrupt awarded and iſſued againſt John Maſon, of the Pariſh of St. Andrew Holborn in the County of Middleſex, Dealer and Chapman, intend to meet on the 29th Day of July inſtant, at Ten in the Forenoon, at Guildhall, London, to make a Dividend of the Eſtate and Effects of the ſaid Bankrupt; when and where the Creditors, who have not already proved their Debts, are to come prepared to prove the ſame, or they will be excluded the Benefit of the ſaid Dividend. And all Claims not then proved will be diſallowed.

THE Commiſſioners in a Commiſſion of Bankrupt awarded and iſſued forth againſt Forſter Charlton, of Taviſtock-ſtreet in the County of Middleſex, Woollen-draper, Dealer and Chapman, intend to meet on the 29th Day of July inſtant, at Ten in the Forenoon, at Guildhall, London, in order to make a Further Dividend of the ſaid Bankrupt's Eſtate and Effects; when and where the Creditors, who have not already proved their Debts, are to come prepared to prove the ſame, or they will be excluded the Benefit of the ſaid Dividend. And all Claims not then proved will be diſallowed.

WHereas the acting Commiſſioners in the Commiſſion of Bankrupt awarded againſt Simon Kinſman, of the Pariſh of Milton Abbott in the County of Devon, Butcher, Dealer and Chapman, have certified to the Right Hon. Edward Lord Thurlow, Lord High Chancellor of Great Britain, that the ſaid Simon Kinſman hath in Things conformed according to the Directions of the ſeveral Acts of Parliament made concerning Bankrupts; This is to give Notice, that, by Virtue of an Act paſſed in the Fifth Year of His late Majeſty's Reign, his Certificate will be allowed and confirmed as the ſaid Act directs, unleſs Cauſe be ſhewn to the contrary on or before the 25th Day of July inſtant.

WHereas the acting Commiſſioners in a Commiſſion of Bankrupt awarded againſt John Cartwright the Elder and John Cartwright the Younger, both of the Borough of Leiceſter in the County of Leiceſter, Hoſiers and Partners, have certified to the Right Honourable Edward Lord Thurlow, Lord High Chancellor of Great Britain, that the ſaid John Cartwright the Elder and John Cartwright the Younger have in all Things conformed according to the Directions of the ſeveral Acts of Parliament made concerning Bankrupts; This is to give Notice, that by virtue of an Act paſſed in the Fifth Year of His late Majeſty's Reign, their Certificate will be allowed and confirmed as the ſaid Act directs, unleſs Cauſe be ſhewn to the contrary on or before the 25th Day of July inſtant.

WHereas the acting Commiſſioners in the Commiſſion of Bankrupt awarded againſt James Pownall, of Baſinghall-ſtreet, London, Lace-merchant, Dealer and Chapman, have certified to the Right Honourable Edward Lord Thurlow, Lord High Chancellor of Great Britain, that the ſaid James Pownall hath in all Things conformed according to the Directions of the ſeveral Acts of Parliament made concerning Bankrupts; This is to give Notice, that, by virtue of an Act paſſed in the Fifth Year of His late Majeſty's Reign, her Certificate will be allowed and confirmed as the ſaid Act directs, unleſs Cauſe be ſhewn to the contrary on or before the 25th of July inſtant.

WHereas the acting Commiſſioners in the Commiſſion of Bankrupt awarded againſt George Waller, late of Horſham in the County of Suſſex, Dealer and Chapman, have certified to the Right Honourable Edward Lord Thurlow, Lord High Chancellor of Great Britain, that the ſaid George Waller hath in all Things conformed himſelf according to the Directions of the ſeveral Acts of Parliament made concerning Bankrupts; This is to give Notice, that by virtue of an Act paſſed in the Fifth Year of His late Majeſty's Reign, his Certificate will be allowed and confirmed as the ſaid Act directs, unleſs Cauſe be ſhewn to the contrary on or before the 25th Day of July inſtant.

Printed by *Thomas Harriſon*, in *Warwick-Lane*. 1780.

33. The Surrender of Charles Town

The London Gazette
EXTRAORDINARY.

Published by Authority.

WEDNESDAY, JULY 5, 1780.

Whitehall, July 5, 1780.

THE following Letters from Sir Henry Clinton, Knight of the Bath, Commander in Chief of His Majesty's Forces in North America, to the Right Hon. Lord George Germain, One of His Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State, were this Day received by Lieutenant-Colonel Bruce, One of Sir Henry Clinton's Aids du Camp, who arrived in the South Carolina Packet.

Head Quarters, Charles Town, South Carolina, June 4, 1780.

MY LORD,

I HAD the Honor, in my Dispatch, No. 88, by the Earl of Lincoln, to communicate to your Lordship the Surrender of Charles Town. I am now able to give your Lordship a Return of the Prisoners taken, amounting, as you will observe, exclusive of near a Thousand Sailors in Arms, to 5618 Men.

I informed your Lordship, that Lieutenant-General Earl Cornwallis was to march up the North Side of Santee, whilst another Corps moved up the hither Shore of that River towards the District of Ninety Six. These Corps are in Motion, as well as one up the Savannah River in Georgia.

The Troops immediately under his Lordship's Command have pressed so effectually upon a Body of the Rebels which remained in the Province, that the Earl, by detaching his Corps of Cavalry, and with them the Legion Infantry (mounted) has compleated the Destruction of every Thing in Arms against us in this Province.

Lieutenant-Colonel Tarleton headed this Detachment, whose Celerity in performing a March of near One Hundred Miles in two Days, was equal to the Ardor with which they attacked the Enemy. These refusing the Terms which were offered them, were charged and defeated, with the Loss of One Hundred and Seventy-two killed, and some taken, together with the remaining Field Artillery of the Southern Army, their Colours and Baggage.

With the greatest Pleasure I further report to your Lordship, that the Inhabitants from every Quarter repair to the Detachments of the Army, and to this Garrison, to declare their Allegiance to the King, and to offer their Services, in Arms, in Support of His Government. In many Instances they have brought Prisoners, their former Oppressors or Leaders; and I may venture to assert, that there are few Men in South Carolina, who are not either our Prisoners, or in Arms with us.

I have also the Satisfaction to receive corresponding Accounts, that the Loyalists in the Back Parts of North Carolina are arming. I dare entertain Hopes that Lord Cornwallis's Presence on that Frontier, and perhaps within the Province, will call back it's Inhabitants from their State of Error and Disobedience. If a proper Naval Force can be collected, I purpose sending a small Expedition into Cape Fear River, to favour the Revolution I look for higher in the Country.

I am, with the Troops I could take, quitting the Harbour of Charles Town, on my Way to New York, hoping no Foreign Armament can yet have reached the Coast, or have been able to attempt any Thing in our Absence against that Place.

Lieutenant Colonel Bruce, my Aid de Camp, will have the Honor of presenting these Dispatches to your Lordship. He has served with Distinction during this whole War, and is well able to satisfy your Lordship in any Inquiries you may be pleased to make concerning the late Operations in Carolina.

Your Lordship will receive by Major-General Prevost, who sails in a few Days, the Account from Earl Cornwallis of what shall have occurred to that Time.

I have the Honor to be, &c.
H. CLINTON.

Total of the Rebel Forces commanded by Major-General Lincoln at the Surrender of Charles Town, May 12, 1780; now Prisoners of War.

2 Major Generals, 5 Brigadier-Generals, 3 Majors of Brigade, 16 Colonels, 9 Lieutenant-Colonels, 21 Majors, 145 Captains, 162 Lieutenants, 41 Cornets or Ensigns, 1 Pay master, 7 Adjutants, 6 Quarter-masters, 18 Surgeons, 6 Mates, 329 Serjeants, 137 Drummers, 4710 Rank and File.

The above is a Copy of a Return signed by the British Commissary of Prisoners

John André, Deputy
Adjutant-General.

Romulus, off Charles Town Bar, June 5, 1780.

MY LORD,

I HAVE just received from Earl Cornwallis a Letter, inclosing a more particular Report than had yet been received from Lieutenant-Colonel Tarleton of the Affair at Wacsaw. I have the Honor to inclose both, together with a Return of the Killed and Wounded, and of the Artillery and other Implements taken.

Your Lordship will observe, that the Enemy's killed, wounded, and taken, exceed Lieutenant-Colonel Tarleton's Numbers with which he attacked them.

I have the Honor to be, &c.
H. CLINTON.

[Price Three-Pence Halfpenny.]

COPY.

Camden, June 2, 1780.

SIR,

IN my Letter of the 30th of laſt Month, I incloſed a Note from Lieutenant-Colonel Tarleton, wrote in great Haſte from the Field of Action, and I explained my Reaſons for ſending the Detachment under his Command in Purſuit of the Enemy.

I have now the Honor of tranſmitting to you his Account of the March and Engagement, with the Loſs on both Sides.

I can only add the higheſt Encomiums on the Conduct of Lieutenant-Colonel Tarleton. It will give me the moſt ſenſible Satisfaction to hear that your Excellency has been able to obtain for him ſome diſtinguiſhed Mark of His Majeſty's Favour.

I have the Honor to be, &c.

CORNWALLIS.

His Excellency Sir Henry Clinton, K. B. &c. &c. &c.

COPY.

Wacſaw, May 30, 1780.

MY LORD,

I Have the Honour to inform you, that Yeſterday at Three o'Clock P. M. after a March of 105 Miles in fifty-four Hours, with the Corps of Cavalry, the Infantry of the Legion mounted on Horſes, and a Three Pounder, at Wacſaw, near the Line which divides North from South Carolina, the Rebel Force, commanded by Colonel Buford, conſiſting of the 11th Virginia and Detachments of other Regiments from the ſame Province, with Artillery and ſome Cavalry, were brought to Action.

After the Summons, in which Terms ſimilar to thoſe accepted by Charles Town were offered and poſitively rejected, the Action commenced in a Wood: The Attacks were pointed at both Flanks; the Front and Reſerve by 270 Cavalry and Infantry blended; and, at the ſame Inſtant, all were equally victorious, few of the Enemy eſcaping, except the Commanding Officer by a precipitate Flight on Horſeback.

It is above my Ability to ſay any Thing in Commendation of the Bravery and Exertion of Officers and Men: I leave their Merit to your Lordſhip's Conſideration. I have the Honour, &c. &c.

BAN. TARLETON,
Lt. Col. Comm. Br. Legion.

Lieut. Gen. Earl *Cornwallis.*

Return of Rebels Killed, Wounded, and Taken, in the Affair at Wacſaw, the 29th of May, 1780.

1 Lieutenant-Colonel, 3 Captains, 8 Subalterns, 1 Adjutant, 1 Quarter-Maſter, 99 Serjeants and Rank and File, killed.

3 Captains, 5 Subalterns, 142 Serjeants and Rank and File, wounded, unable to travel, and left on Parole.

2 Captains, 1 Subaltern, and 50 Serjeants and Rank File, Priſoners.

Taken, 3 Stand of Colours, 2 Braſs Six-pounders, 2 Royals, 2 Waggons with Ammunition, 1 Artillery Forge Cart, 55 Barrels of Powder, 26 Waggons loaded with new Clothing, Arms, Muſket-cartridges, new Cartridge-boxes, Flints, and Camp Equipage.

(Signed) B. TARLETON, Lt. Col. Br. Legion.

Return of Britiſh Killed and Wounded in the Affair at Wacſaw, the 29th of May, 1780.

Cavalry. 2 Privates, 11 Horſes, killed; 1 Subaltern, 8 Privates, 19 Horſes, wounded.

Infantry. 2 Subalterns, 1 Private, killed; 3 Privates wounded.

N. B. Lieutenant Pateſchall, 17th Dragoons, wounded; Lieutenant Lauchlin M'Donald, of the Legion Infantry, killed; Enſign Campbell, of the Legion Infantry, ſerving with the Cavalry, killed.

(Signed) B. TARLETON, Lt. Col. Comm. B. L.

Admiralty-Office, July 5, 1780.

EXTRACT of a Letter from Admiral Sir George Brydges Rodney, Bart. Commander in Chief of His Majeſty's Ships at the Leeward Iſlands, to Mr. Stephens, dated in Carliſle Bay, Barbadoes, May 31, 1780, received this Morning from Captain Man, of His Majeſty's Ship the Cerberus, who arrived at Falmouth the 2d Inſtant.

SINCE my Letter of the 26th of April from Fort Royal Bay, ſent Expreſs by the Pegaſus, I muſt deſire you will pleaſe to acquaint their Lordſhips, that after greatly alarming the Iſland of Martinique, whoſe Inhabitants had been made to believe His Majeſty's Fleet had been defeated, but were ſoon convinced to the contrary by its Appearance before their Port, where it continued till the Condition of many of the Ships under my Command, and the Lee Currents, rendered it neceſſary for the Fleet to anchor in Chocque Bay, St. Lucia, in order to put the wounded and ſick Men on Shore, and to water and refit the Fleet; Frigates having been detached both to Windward and to Leeward of every Iſland, in order to gain Intelligence of the Motions of the Enemy, and timely Notice of their Approach towards Martinique, the only Place they could refit at in theſe Seas.

Having landed the wounded and ſick Men, watered and refitted the Fleet, on the 6th of May, upon having received Intelligence of the Enemy's Approach to Windward of Martinique, I put to Sea with Nineteen Sail of the Line, Two Fifty-Gun Ships, and ſeveral Frigates.

From the 6th to the 10th of May, the Fleet continued turning to Windward between Martinique and St. Lucia, when we got Sight of the French Fleet, about Three Leagues to Windward of us, Point Saline on Martinique then bearing N. N. E. Five Leagues; Captain Affleck, in the Triumph, joining me the ſame Day.

The Enemy's Fleet conſiſted of Twenty-three Sail of the Line, Seven Frigates, Two Sloops, a Cutter, and a Lugger. Nothing could induce them to riſque a General Action, though it was in their Power daily: They made, at different Times, Motions which indicated a Deſire of engaging, but their Reſolution failed them when they drew near; and as they ſailed far better than His Majeſty's Fleet, they with Eaſe could gain what Diſtance they pleaſed to Windward.

As they were ſenſible of their Advantage in ſailing, it emboldened them to run greater Riſques, and approach nearer to His Majeſty's Ships, than they would otherwiſe have done; and for ſeveral Days, about the Hour of Two in the Afternoon, they bore down in a Line of Battle abreaſt, and brought to the Wind a little more than random Shot Diſtance.

As I watched every Opportunity of gaining the Wind, and forcing them to Battle, the Enemy, on my

34. Rodney and d. de Guichen the french Admiral in the West Indies.

my ordering the Fleet to make a great Deal of Sail on the 15th upon a Wind, had the Vanity to think we were retiring, and with a Preſs of Sail approached us much nearer than uſual. I ſuffered them to enjoy the Deception, and their Van Ship to approach abreaſt of my Center, when, by a lucky Change of Wind, perceiving I could weather the Enemy, I made a Signal for the Third in Command (who then led the Van,) to tack with his Squadron, and gain the Wind of the Enemy. The Enemy's Fleet inſtantly wore, and fled with a Crowd of Sail.

His Majeſty's Fleet, by this Manœuvre, had gained the Wind, and would have forced the Enemy to Battle, had it not at once changed Six Points when near the Enemy, and enabled them to recover that Advantage. However it did not enable them to weather His Majeſty's Fleet ſo much, but the Van, led by that good and gallant Officer Captain Bowyer, about Seven in the Evening, reached their Center, and was followed by Rear-Admiral Rowley's Squadron, (who then led the Van) the Center and Rear of His Majeſty's Fleet following in Order.

As the Enemy were under a Preſs of Sail, none but the Van of His Majeſty's Fleet could come in for any Part of the Action, without waſting His Majeſty's Powder and Shot, the Enemy wantonly expending a Deal of their's at ſuch a Diſtance as to have no Effect.

The Albion, Captain Bowyer, and the Conqueror, Rear-Admiral Rowley, were the Ships that ſuffered moſt in this Re-encounter. But I am ſure, from the Slackneſs of their Fire, in Compariſon to that of the Van of His Majeſty's Fleet, the Enemy's Rear muſt have ſuffered very conſiderably.

The Enemy kept an awful Diſtance till the 19th Inſtant, when I was in Hopes that I ſhould have weathered them, but had the Mortification to be diſappointed in thoſe Hopes: However, as they were convinced their Rear could not eſcape Action, they ſeemed to have taken a Reſolution of riſquing a general one; and when their Van had weathered us, they bore away along our Line to Windward, and began a heavy Cannonade, but at ſuch a Diſtance as to do little or no Execution; however, their Rear could not eſcape, being cloſely attacked by the Ships of the Van, then led by Commodore Hotham; and with Pleaſure I can ſay, that the Fire of His Majeſty's Ships was far ſuperior to that of the Enemy, who muſt have received great Damade by the Rencounter.

The Albion and Conqueror ſuffered much in this laſt Action, and ſeveral other Ships received conſiderable Damage, a Liſt of which, as likewiſe of the Killed and Wounded, I have the Honor to incloſe.

The Purſuit of the Enemy had led us 40 Leagues directly to Windward of Martinico; and as the Enemy had ſtood to the Northward with all the Sail they could poſſibly preſs, and were out of Sight the 21ſt Inſtant, the Condition of His Majeſty's Ships being ſuch as not to allow a longer Purſuit, I ſent the Conqueror, Cornwall and Boyne to St. Lucia, and ſtood with the Remainder of His Majeſty's Ships towards Barbadoes, in order to put the Sick and Wounded on Shore, and repair the Squadron.

We anchored in Carliſle Bay on the 22d Inſtant, where every Diſpatch poſſible has been uſed both Night and Day in refitting, watering, and victualling the Fleet; and I hope that every Thing will be in Readineſs to proceed to Sea To-morrow, in Queſt of the Spaniſh Fleet which ſailed from Cadiz the 28th of laſt Month; Intelligence of which has been brought me by the Cerberus, Captain Man, who parted Company with them on the 4th Inſtant, in Latitude 31 and a Half, ſteering W. S. W.

The Brilliant and Rattleſnake Sloop have joined me ſince, with the ſame Intelligence; the latter from Commodore Johnſtone. I ſhall order them all back again to their Station; but cannot forbear expreſſing to their Lordſhips my Approbation of the Merits of thoſe Officers, who thought it their Duty to leave their Station, and convey to me with Speed Intelligence of ſuch great Importance.

I muſt deſire you will pleaſe to acquaint their Lordſhips, that Monſ. de Guichen and the French Fleet have got, in a ſhattered Condition, into Martinico; where their Lordſhips may be aſſured I ſhall keep a watchful Eye over them; and hope I ſhall have an Opportunity of giving a good Account of the Spaniſh Fleet, before the French are in a Condition to put to Sea.

A Liſt of the Killed and Wounded on the 15th of May, 1780.

Ships.	*Killed.*	*Wounded.*
Vigilant	3	10
Medway	1	10
Conqueror	2	13
Albion	12	62
Cornwall	3	5
Total	21	100

Officer Killed.

First Lieutenant William Law, of the Cornwall.

G. B. RODNEY.

A Liſt of the Killed and Wounded, the 19th of May, 1780.

Ships.	*Killed.*	*Wounded.*
Intrepid	1	0
Suffolk	1	21
Triumph	4	14
Vigilant	9	15
Medway	2	11
Vengeance	3	16
Magnificent	5	23
Conqueror	3	10
Albion	12	61
Terrible	3	9
Cornwall	4	10
Preſton	0	3
Total	47	193

Officers Killed and Wounded.

Lieutenant Twycroſs, of the Triumph, wounded.

Lieutenant Flight, 87th Regiment, of the Magnificent, wounded.

Captain Watſon, of the Conqueror, loſt his Arm; ſince dead.

Enſign Curry, 5th Regiment, of the Albion, killed.

Mr. Paven, Maſter of the Albion, wounded.

Lieutenant Douglas, of the Cornwall, loſt his Leg.

G. B. RODNEY.

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